

# THE GLOBE-REPUBLICAN.

The FORD CO. GLOBE, Established 1877.  
The FORD CO. REPUBLICAN, " 1888. (Consolidated, 1889.)

DODGE CITY, KANSAS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1894.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. VOL. XVII, NO. 46.

## GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE



TO THE EAST.

## THE BEST DINING CAR SERVICE IN THE WORLD.

The Rock Island is foremost in adopting any advantage calculated to improve speed and give that luxury, safety and comfort that popular patronage demands. Its equipment is thoroughly complete with vestibuled trains, magnificent dining cars, sleepers and chair coaches, all the most elegant, and of recently improved patterns.

The importance of this line can be better understood if a short lesson in geography be now recited:

What is the great Eastern terminal the Rock Island Route?—Chicago. What other sub-Eastern terminal is it?—Peoria. To what important points does it run trains to the Northwest?—St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minnesota, and Watertown and Sioux Falls, Dakota. To what important Iowa and Nebraska points?—Des Moines, Davenport, Iowa; Omaha and Lincoln, Nebraska.

## SPECIALTIES:

Fast Time.—Excellent Equipment.—Best Dining Car Service in the World.—Good Connections.

For full particulars as to tickets, maps, rates, apply to any coupon ticket office in the United States, Canada or Mexico, or address, JNO. SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass Agt., Chicago, Ill.

E. St. John, General manager, Chicago, Ill.

ORDINANCE NO. 216.  
An ordinance providing for a tax levy for the fiscal year beginning July 1st, 1894, and ending June 30th, 1895.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and City Council of the city of Dodge City, Kansas: Sec. 1. That the following amounts be and the same are hereby levied for the fiscal year beginning July 1st, 1894, and ending June 30th, 1895, upon all taxable real, personal and mixed property within the corporate limits of the city of Dodge City, Kansas, as returned by the city assessor for the fiscal year aforesaid, and for the following purposes, to-wit:

For	Mills
General revenue	9
Int. on street improvement bonds	1
Int. on land improvement bonds	1
Int. on city hall bonds	1
Int. on sewer bonds	14-10
Int. on funding bonds	2-4
Int. on refunding bonds	2-4
Int. on judgment bonds	3-10
Light and water	9
Paying judgment on street purposes	5
Paying \$1250.00 August 26th, 1894	2
Sec. 2. That the following special tax in addition to the tax heretofore levied be and the same is hereby levied on the following described property for building either side walk:	
Strip of land (97ft) west of lot one, block one, Military ave.	2.70
Lot one (1), block one (1) Military ave.	\$3.30
" three (3), " " " "	3.30
" five (5), " " " "	3.30
" seven (7), " " " "	3.30
" nine (9), " " " "	3.30
" eleven (11), " " " "	3.30
" thirteen (13), " " " "	3.30
" fifteen (15), " " " "	3.30
" seventeen (17), " " " "	3.30
" nineteen (19), " " " "	3.30
" twenty-one, blk two	3.30
" twenty-three " "	3.30
" twenty-five " "	3.30
" twenty-seven " "	3.30
" twenty-nine " "	3.30
" thirty-one " "	3.30
" thirty-three " "	3.30
" thirty-five " "	3.30
" thirty-seven " "	3.30
" thirty-nine " "	3.30
" forty-one, block three	3.30
" forty-three " "	3.30

SEC. 3. This ordinance to be in force and take effect on and after its publication in the Globe-Republican.  
Passed the city council August 22, 1894.  
Attest: L. G. GORRITT, City Clerk.  
Approved August 22, 1894. A. GLUCK, Mayor.

ALIAS CONTEST NOTICE—TIMBER CUTLURE.—Before the United States Land Office at Dodge City, Kansas, July 25th, 1894.  
An amended complaint having been entered at this office pursuant to the official letters of the Honorable Commissioner of the General Land Office of the United States of America and of the Honorable Secretary of the Interior thereof in regard to the matters hereinbefore referred to; said amended complaint so entered being by Zachary T. Wingfield against the heirs of John N. Hanson, deceased, for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 317, made at Larned, Kansas, and dated March 1, 1890, upon the southeast quarter of section (10) in township twenty-seven (27) south, of range twenty-six (26) west, in Ford county, Kansas, as a view to the cancellation of said entry; contesting and alleging that neither said Hanson in his lifetime nor his heirs since his death nor any person for them or either of them have complied with the timber culture laws in respect to said entry since the year 1887; that in fact they and each of them have failed to cultivate said land or any part thereof or cause the same to be done since the year 1887; that said land has been wholly abandoned by said Hanson and his heirs and representatives if they ever had any; the probate records of said county do not show any administrator or executor or will existing of said decedent; that what trees are upon said tract are being wasted and destroyed; that there is no now and never has been the required number of trees planted and cultivated on said tract as required by law; nor the required number of acres broken or cultivated thereon; that each and every one of said defaults exist at this time, and that they existed on, since and prior to December 2, 1891, and continuously from thence to the present time as alleged above. The said heirs of John N. Hanson, deceased, whose names and whereabouts are unknown, are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 21st day of September, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged facts.  
JNO. L. LEE, Register.  
GEO. T. CRIST, Receiver.  
MURDOX BARNES, Attorney for Plaintiff.

## REQUIEM.

THOMAS LAHEY, DECEASED.

Farewell, dear Tom, we pay to thee  
Love's tribute of fond memory;  
Our fondest pleasure to cherish thee,  
Farewell, dear Tom, God bless, God bless thee!

Some day, some day, when time is o'er,  
We'll meet, but on the eternal shore;  
We'll meet again with loving hands,  
On brighter shores, in brighter lands,  
With fullest hope and true conviction,  
For there we'll ask God's benediction.

While earthly cares yet wait on me,  
You're part of immortality;  
Farewell, dear Tom, we pay to thee  
Love's tribute of fond memory.

Julian del Llano.

## GOOD FOR BOOT HILL.

Great Pressure of Ice-Cold Water  
Struck in the Second Sheet of  
Under-Flow.

Waldo Tarbox made a discovery this week which is of great importance to property owners on the hill west of Third avenue and perhaps this entire neighborhood. He had a well put down about fifty feet, but the supply of water did not come in fast enough to suit him for irrigation purposes. So he got A. Fasig there with his well boring machine, thinking a few feet more depth would make it all right. When the machine started to bore, however, it struck red clay, and continued in that for nearly forty feet, when it turned to blue clay, then quicksand and water with a fine bed of gravel beneath, at a total depth of 97 feet. Soon as they struck into the gravel the water gushed up with artesian pressure and rose over sixty feet. The water was so cold it made the hands ache to handle the tools. Mr. Fasig called it an ice mine. This great fountain made Mr. Tarbox and all others in the vicinity rejoice, as it is clear and good—Mr. Fasig says the best struck in any well. It flows easily and only a slight movement made it fill the pipe, and throws a fine stream from the discharge pipe.

A two inch pipe goes down and connects with a brass-lined cylinder three feet long, slightly smaller than the pipe. A wooden rod connects the plunger, which can be drawn up and removed without disturbing the pipe. A steel tower supports an eight foot wheel, which will supply more water than Mr. Tarbox can possibly use on his garden and orchard.

## MORRILL NO GOLD BUG.

His Letter Explaining His Position.  
[From the Atchison Champion.]

Persistent prevarication seems to be the strongest weapons of the enemies of Major Morrill. From the head center to the tail board of the opposition, the cry has been, "Morrill is the enemy of silver."

A more stupid or wicked falsehood has never been uttered in a political campaign. More stupid or wicked falsehood has never been exhibited in any contest than that shown by the opposition speakers and press in their wilful misstatements of Major Morrill's position on the silver question. The audacious mendacity of populist newspapers in denouncing Major Morrill as "A Gold Bug" is unequalled in partisan campaigns.

The Atchison Champion is known throughout the length and breadth of the land as the firm, consistent and continual advocate of the free coinage of American silver. It was the first newspaper in the United States to advocate the doctrine that a practically prohibitory tariff should be placed upon all foreign silver and that the output of American silver mines should have the same right as gold at the mints of the United States. Long before the meeting of the Republican convention it ascertained that Maj. Morrill entertained these views, and it warmly advocated his nomination because of his eminent fitness for the place, his grand service for Kansas, his heroic labor in congress for the union soldiers, and for his open and manly views upon the silver question. It has been repeatedly shown by the Champion that Major Morrill is a staunch friend of silver, but the populist press and speakers continue to reiterate the falsehood that "Morrill is a gold bug." Today we offer in evidence, over Major Morrill's own signature, another positive proof of his eminent soundness on the money question.

The letter was written in response to an inquiry from Mr. Springsteen, a well known citizen of Atchison. Here is the letter:

HIWATHA, KANS., Aug. 18.  
J. W. SPRINGSTEEN, Atchison, Kan.  
DEAR SIR:—Yours of the 13th came while I was away from home. I am just home for a few hours, and hasten to answer it. I think the matter in regard to my position on the currency question has been fully settled by the Champion this week. The Kansas City Journal yesterday had a good article in it about the matter. I AM IN FAVOR OF THE FREE COINAGE OF THE AMERICAN PRODUCT OF THE SILVER MINES, WITH SUFFICIENT TARIFF TO EXCLUDE ALL FOREIGN PRODUCT. And it seems to me that there can be but one ratio. I think it is idle to talk of changing the ratio. The fact that we have now \$500,000,000 of silver in circulation would render it almost impossible to make a change in ratio from the present one of sixteen to one. Yours truly,  
E. N. MORRILL.

We wish every citizen of Kansas would read the letter, and then demand that the opposition falsehoods shall be treated as they deserve.

## Pocketbook Lost.

The finder can have a liberal reward at Prof. Bonner's Photograph Gallery, (the Sherer Studio,) west of postoffice, where you can get the finest picture made on earth.

## A Romantic Mystery.

One night about bed-time, a thrilling sight greeted the vision of one of the Sunflower reporters of this paper. It was the night robed figure of a gallant young grass-widower in mad pursuit of two beautiful and modest young maidens. The young girls in their eagerness to escape the clutches of the pursuer, ran through an opening in the enclosed grounds of a private residence, darting here and there among the shrubbery, until finally they came to a fence. In vain they sought for a gate. There was no means of egress on that side of the premises, and the grass-widower dashed around a clump of shrubbery and suddenly presented himself before their terror-stricken gaze. What was said may never be handed down to history, but the captor seemed to hesitate as one who has bit off more than he can chew, and permitted the fair creatures to go their way.

Some two hours later, as the ubiquitous news gatherer chanced that way, without any thought of another exciting escapade, as lightning is said never to strike twice in the same spot, his astonished gaze was attracted to the same young ladies. This time they were in the act of climbing over the fence, as though in mortal terror. After getting over the fence they fled like a couple of young whirlwinds through the midnight air into the darkness, as though the foul fiend himself were following them. Presently another figure appeared upon the scene in hot pursuit. The latter proved to be the apollo-like form of the aforementioned forage-plaid widower. This time he was arrayed in garments more fitting a gentleman in the society of ladies than formerly. And yet the lovely ladies fled as though there lives were at stake. The battle is not always to the strong nor the race to the swift, but this time it was. In a comparatively short time the fugitives were overtaken and one of their number seized by the arm. Our scribe is unable to say what greetings were exchanged but it affords us pleasure to report the young ladies were soon released and permitted to go on their way without injury, while the grass-widower returned to his virtuous couch.

There still remains a mystery connected with this affair which leaves a halo of romance around it.

## The Strip.

GLOBE REPUBLICAN:  
Thinking perhaps some of your readers would like to know a few things concerning this newly settled country, I take the liberty to write a short letter.

One would be surprised to see the improvements that have been made in this land, yet scarcely a year old,—looks almost like an old settled country. A large majority of the settlers are persons that were renters up in the state, or ones that were "euchred" out of their Kansas property. The people have learned a lesson by past experiences and that is never mortgage, and I don't think this country will be plastered to a very great extent.

Our upland here is pretty much the same as that of Ford county, in composition. That near the rivers has more clay in it than the famous alfalfa bottoms of the Arkansas. We have, it is conceded by nearly every one, the best part of the Strip is through here, (so say old cattlemen that have been all over the territory,) lying south of Barber county Kas., the country lays about like Ford county, generally speaking.

Water is found at from seven to forty feet. Some of it though, is not of a very superb quality, over near the Salt Plains. Plenty of Jack Oak timber is found south of here about twenty miles, which makes excellent fuel and posts, but not very lasting posts. An abundance of Cedar is found in the southern part of this county, but is getting to be hard to secure, owing to the most of it being Government timber, which the marshals watch very close.

Plenty of roughness was raised this season for stock. Owing to hot winds during the first days of July, our corn crop was pretty short, but made excellent fodder, some fields, though will make from 10 to 15 bushels per acre, where the soil was cut with a disc planted with lister and then cultivated. Early garden was fine.

Some vacant land yet in this county, but the best of it is pretty near all taken. Relinquishments are selling at about \$200.00,—some more and some less.

We have Populists here, Bro. Shinn, in such number that it would make your cheeks turn pale, were you the enemy's candidate to hear of them.

As I am encroaching on valuable space in your paper, will close, earnestly trusting that the Lord will bless you all abundantly.

More especially to your Bucklin readers: Since coming to this new country I have been, through the instrumentality of the Christian Endeavor brought to see the error of my ways and the awfulness and danger of my condition, and have accepted Christ as my only salvation, my Savior and friend. If I have in any way or manner offended, misused or

wronged any of you during my past life, I earnestly, fervently, ask your pardon and forgiveness, and shall endeavor to atone for my past waywardness by walking and living in the future in the light and truth of Divine Blessings. The Lord bless you.  
W. V. CULVER.  
Cherokee, O. T.

## The Four Stages of Vinous Inebriety.

An Arabic parable is given in the Independent, in nearly literal translation, expressive of the Oriental way of describing drunkenness: "When Adam first planted the vine, Satan came and killed a peacock over it, and the vine drank its blood. When the vine grew and put forth its leaves Satan came again and killed an ape over it, and the vine drank the blood of the ape also. When grapes first formed on the vine he killed a lion over it, and the vine drank up the blood of the lion. When the fruit was fully ripe Satan came once more and killed a pig over it, and the vine drank up that blood also."

"Hence, he who drinks of the fruit of the vine imbibes these four qualities. When he first tastes the wine, and it begins to crawl in his limbs, the color blooms in his face, and he becomes gay as a peacock. When the first signs of drunkenness comes upon him he plays, claps hands, and dances like an ape. When the wine grows stronger within him he grows violent like the lion, and charges every one else. At last he wallows like a pig, in the mire, desiring only to sleep, and his strength is gone."

## Resolutions.

We the teachers of Ford county, assembled in this the 13th, annual session of our Normal Inst. and believe that the work has been of more than usual benefit to us and that we are better prepared for successful work as teachers, do express our appreciation in the following.

1 RESOLVED—That we find in professor Klock a conductor second to none in the state and that his instructions while being highly entertaining, is such as deals with the difficulties and hardships of school life and showing us the remedies therefor, and giving us such methods as will enable us to instruct along the lines that nature intended we should follow, and we as teachers each feel that we have been made better thereby, and be it further Resolved—That we extend to Prof. Klock our sincere thanks and wish him abundant success in his work wherever he may be, and that the results of his work may be seen in the life of the teachers and pupils of our state for many years to come.

2 RESOLVED—That we thank Prof. S. Baker and Beadle for the able instructions they have given us and we feel that their work has been highly appreciated and we have been made better thereby.

3 RESOLVED—That we find in the model department a feature of Normal work that should be introduced and maintained in every County in our state, and we know of nothing that could be added to Co. Normal work that would be of as great benefit as a model school, under such able instructors as Miss Rogers and Miss Ryan, and be it further Resolved—That we sincerely thank Misses Rogers and Ryan for the very excellent work they have done and we feel that we have received instructions such as we could not have received in any other way, and we voice the sentiment of the patrons of the model school when we say that it has been highly beneficial to all concerned.

4 We feel sorry to record the fact that we have suffered loss during the year. A loss that the teachers of this County feel will be hard to replace. We refer to our most excellent Supt. David Swinehart, and while we feel this loss we are glad he has received so responsible a trust, now therefore Resolve—That as we can find no words to express our feelings we hereby extend our many, many thanks for his ever untiring efforts in our behalf, knowing that his work will be remembered by the teachers of Ford County for all time to come, and that in his future work he may find nothing but pleasantness and profit and we hereby assure him he will ever be held in grateful remembrance.

5 RESOLVED—That a vote of thanks be extended to the Board of Education of Dodge City for the use of the School building.

6 RESOLVED—That the thanks of the Inst. be extended to County Commissioners for the liberal appropriation they made for the benefit of the Inst.

7 RESOLVED—That we submit a copy of these resolutions to each of the Dodge City papers for publication.

FRANK WILKINSON,  
FRANK HOBBLE,  
MARY IMEL,  
M. E. NEVINS,  
MAYNARD BEADLE.

## Public School.

The city schools will begin Monday Sept. 3rd at 9 a. m. Parents wishing to enter with me in regard to the work of their children or pupils wishing to take the entrance examination will find me at the Third Ward building every day between 9 and 12 a. m. of the week preceding the opening of school. There will be a teacher's meeting Saturday, Sept. 1st at 9.30 a. m.

WARREN BAKER,  
Superintendent.

## Irrigation.

To one wishing to study the practical workings of irrigation, the Fred Erick farm four miles south-west of the city affords a most excellent opportunity. Here is a place where water, intelligence and labor are bringing from the else sterile soil an abundant harvest.

The south side ditch runs through his place. Laterals from the main carry the water to the different parts of his place. He is preparing his land for that great Arkansas Valley plant—alfalfa. As he expressed it, laying the foundation for a fortune. Before seeding he has in mind to till the soil until it is perfectly subdued and irrigate until it is thoroughly saturated to the underflow. In the meantime he plants such crops as in his judgment will do best to the end that the land will pay for the preparation and seeding, and yield for him a support as well. Not Horace Greeley farming but remunerative farming.

Mr. Erick has several thousands heads of cabbage, many acres of cane, which will yield several tons of feed per acre. It is his purpose to manufacture a portion of the cane into sorghum molasses. The most profitable part of the farm products seems to be the onions, early in the season the virgin soil was turned, plowed again and onion seed sown upon the land, now the spot is a mat of onions, some measuring three inches in diameter. The squash vines cover the ground, there are squashes there too. The bean patch is something wonderful to behold. Potatoes are doing fairly well, while the corn reminds one of Iowa.

It will pay anyone interested in irrigation to go and talk with Mr. Erick. You will find him ready and able to give his "reason why" for every thing.

## Flowers, Fruits and Vegetables.

We took a look over the premises of our enterprising fellow townsman, Peter Mootz, yesterday. It was a warm day, but once we were inside Mootz's gate, it seemed like entering enchanted grounds. The cooling shade of the trees, the variegated shades of color everywhere greeted the eye from shrubs, plants and flowers, while the perfume most grateful to the olfactory senses, combined to make a most vivid contrast to the dusty street.

Then there was the substantial aspect added to the scene by ripening fruit and prolific garden vegetables. Apple trees were literally loaded with ripe checked apples. We noticed some limb bending almost to breaking beneath the burden of fruit. Grapes, including some sweet California varieties, had already been gathered, of which Mrs. Mootz has put up six bushels. Quinces had been mostly gathered, and the cherry and strawberry season was past. We are informed that the cherry trees were a sight to behold. In fact they were so thick with fruit as to appear one solid array of crimson and black, there being no room for leaves.

But the great feature of the place was plums. We never tasted so many different varieties of flavor. Some tasted like honey, others like wine, and many other delicious kinds and degrees of sweets and acids. By running a number of these together a jelly of the most delicious quality which the imagination can conceive is produced.

No one who has not witnessed the sight would suppose that plum trees could bring to maturity the mass of fruit we saw on the Mootz place. There were limbs weighed in one solid mass of plums. Some trees they were dead ripe, on others at just golden maturity, while others are just green and will not be done growing for a month. They have already sold twenty bushels, and find ready sale as fast as the fruit ripens right there on the premises.

The vegetable plots showed good results for labor bestowed. There were cabbages, oyster plants, cauliflower, tomatoes, beans and many other wholesome vegetables. In this department nothing attracted our attention more than the peach tomato, the plants of which stood higher than our heads, and there was fruit in every stage from blossoms up to maturity. The ripe ones had the size, coloring and shape of pea peaches. There were also tomatoes which had just the shape, size and color of yellow plums.

Mr. Mootz keeps his chickens enclosed in one of the plum patches, and they seem to go well together. His place consists of a plot 160x300 feet. Our attention was attracted to the nearest little hedge fence we ever saw. It is trimmed every two months. The flowers are an especial feature. There are then growing the most rare and exquisite floral plants in Dodge City, some varieties of which we never saw before. Mrs. Mootz says they have devoted more time and expense on the flowers than all else combined.

Dodge City is fortunate to have such people as Mr. and Mrs. Mootz. Their practical illustration of what our soil will produce is worth more than all theoretical discourses that could be written.

## FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

What have you to offer for these, entirely free from encumbrance?  
6 lots in block 35 Dodge City.

5 " " 58 " "  
5 " " 64 " "  
3 " " 13 Shinn's addition.

Address C. T. VanVleet,  
Park Ridge, Ill.

Kenneth Bazemore had the good fortune to receive a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy when three members of his family were sick with dysentery. This small bottle cured them all and he had some left which he gave to Geo. W. Baker, a prominent merchant of the place, Lewiston, N. C., and it cured him of the same complaint. When troubled with dysentery, diarrhoea, colic or cholera morbus, give this remedy a trial and you will be more than pleased with the result. The praise that naturally follows its introduction and use has made it very popular. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by City Drug Store.

## Democratic Platform.

We, your committee on resolutions, submit the following report and ask its adoption: We, the Democrats of Ford county, Kansas, in convention assembled, hereby renew and reaffirm our allegiance to the time-honored principles of the Democratic party as exemplified by the lives and works of Jefferson and Jackson and enunciated in the platform of the Democratic national convention of 1892.

We endorse the platform and principles as enunciated by the Democratic state convention July 3rd, 1894, and the splendid state ticket nominated by the convention.

We denounce McKinleyism as the most gigantic fraud that ever was perpetrated on a civilized people and adhere to true tariff reform as the only avenue of escape from the present financial and commercial depression of the country; believing the high tariff policy to which the country has been committed for the past thirty years is the cause of widespread depression and by which the consumers have been robbed of their earnings by a chosen few and reduced to beggary and pauperism.

We endorse the heroic action of the Wilson bill and deplore the action of a few "traitors" in senate who defeated the passage of the bill in that body, but believe the bill passed by the senate and concurred in by the house to be a step in the direction of tariff reform which will result in relieving the already over-taxed people of many burdens imposed on them by the McKinley bill.

We favor bi-metallicism the free and unlimited exchange of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

We approve of the acts of Hon. John Martin, our first representative in the United States senate from the state of Kansas.

We favor the election of United States senator by direct vote of the people.

We recognize the right of labor to organize and maintain the interests of the laboring classes by all the legitimate and honorable means afforded through such organizations; and we do hereby denounce the tendencies of monopolies and organized capital to crush the rights of labor in their organized capacity, and we advocate national and state boards of arbitration through which the rights of labor may be properly protected.

We regard the sugar trust, the Carnegie Co., the Pullman Co., together with like corporate monopolies as parasites, sucking the life blood of the working classes and destroying the liberties of the American people. We demand of congress of the United States to enact such laws as will check and control the tendency of capital in this direction.

We favor re-districting the state into twenty-two judicial districts instead of thirty-four as now constituted, by this means saving the people of the state \$20,000 annually in judge's salaries alone.

We favor a sufficient appropriation by the next legislature to thoroughly test the question of irrigation by establishing experimental stations in West in Kansas and favor the location of one of said stations in Ford county.

We demand an economical administration of all county affairs.  
We endorse the patriotism and honest statesmanship of Grover Cleveland, have faith in his wisdom, his character, his integrity, and in the ability of his administration to safely bring the country out of the plight into which it has been plunged by the vicious legislation of the Republican party, and admonish the people against looking for too much in a short time, declaring it impossible in a few months to reverse the conditions which it took the Republican party thirty years to create.

J. M. BELL, Chairman.  
R. S. CRILE,  
W. F. PETTILLOH,  
H. WESLEY,  
J. W. EMMONS.

## Fl. Dodge Items.

[Written for last week's paper.]  
Com. Melton, of Dodge City, was in recently.

The Longwell folks have moved to Wichita.

Com. Hargis, of the 5th Kansas, has been admitted.

The ubiquitous George Fitzclarence is again with us.

Mr. Trebilcock, a noted pop, was in camp last week.

Com. Ackerhough has returned after an absence of four months.

Quite a crowd went Tuesday to the picnic in the German settlement.

Com. Hood and family had quite a party and dance the night of the 20th.

Several of the boys intended to start a barber shop, but it was found that it was unconstitutional.

Two prospective school misses attend the normal from the Fort—Maggie St. John and Edith Hood.

The board was with us again, several weeks since to perfect arrangements for constructing water works.

Beuett has been reinstated. His pension had been dropped, but it did not go with that \$25,000,000 that was saved.

Mr. Van Voorhis and Dr. Bohrer are here now. They intend to have a reservoir for irrigation purposes and fish.

The Gibson folks have returned. They remained long enough to see the Cherokee strip, and they are now satisfied.

The board of managers and the School board of this school district, have selected our teachers for ensuing term. Mr. J. A. Beadle, Miss Mary Inel and Miss St. John.

## SCRIPTO.

## Normal Notes.

Crowded out last week.

The institute is nearing its close. All are preparing for the examination which begins Friday morning.

Rev. Vaughan and wife and Mrs. Wolff visited the institute Wednesday.

Many of the students attended Prof. Klock's lecture on hypnosis Monday evening.

Politics reigned supreme at the school house Monday. At 3 o'clock Prof. Baker dropped the gavel and called to order the first annual convention of the republican democrat-populist party of Ford county. The usual proceedings were followed and parliamentary laws fully observed.

For favorable consideration: Representative, Arthur Kapp; clerk of court, Sadie Morrison; county attorney, Maynard Beadle; county superintendent, Jessie Henderson; probate judge, Rolla Hies; commissioner, Warren Baker.

Prof. Klock, Misses Rodges and Ryan have won a very warm place in the hearts of the teachers of Ford county.